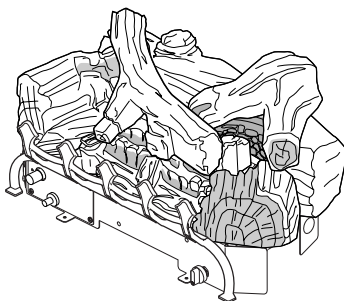




UNVENTED (VENT-FREE) GAS LOG HEATER OWNER'S OPERATION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL



We recommend that our products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by NFI (National Fireplace Institute).
www.nficertified.org

24" REMOTE-READY MODELS CSG3924NRA AND CSG3924PRA

Remote-Ready Models Also Design-Certified As Vented Decorative Appliances

⚠ WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance.
CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Safety	2	Cleaning and Maintenance.....	23
Product Identification	5	Troubleshooting.....	25
Optional Remote Control Accessories.....	5	Wiring Diagram.....	29
Local Codes.....	5	Specifications	29
Unpacking.....	6	Parts	30
Product Features	6	Replacement Parts.....	32
Air For Combustion and Ventilation	6	Service Hints	32
Installation	8	Technical Service.....	32
Operation.....	19	Accessories	33
Inspecting Burners.....	22	Warranty	Back Cover

SAFETY

⚠ WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for correct installation and operational procedures. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

⚠ WARNING: This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to *Air for Combustion and Ventilation* section on page 6 of this manual.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance is for installation only in a solid-fuel burning masonry or UL127 factory-built fireplace or in a listed ventless firebox enclosure. It is design-certified for these installations in accordance with ANSI Z21.11.2. Exception: Do not install this appliance in a factory-built fireplace that includes instructions stating it has not been tested or should not be used with unvented gas logs.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket,* permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

* Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer

SAFETY

Continued

⚠ WARNING: This product contains and/or generates chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

IMPORTANT: Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate or service this fireplace. Improper use of this fireplace can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock and carbon monoxide poisoning.

⚠ DANGER: Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning: Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness or nausea. If you have these signs, the fireplace may not be working properly. **Get fresh air at once!** Have fireplace serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol and those at high altitudes.

Natural and Propane/LP Gas: Natural and propane/LP gases are odorless. An odor-making agent is added to these gases. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists.

Make certain you read and understand all warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this fireplace.

⚠ WARNING: Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

⚠ WARNING: Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance is for installation only in a solid-fuel burning fireplace or approved ventless firebox enclosure.

⚠ WARNING: Do not allow fans to blow directly into the fireplace. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Ceiling fans can create drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Altered burner patterns can cause sooting.

Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects on the heater.

Heater base assembly becomes very hot when running heater. Keep children and adults away from hot surface to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shutdown. Allow surface to cool before touching.

Carefully supervise young children when they are in the room with heater. When using the hand-held remote accessory, keep selector switch in the OFF position to prevent children from turning on burners with remote.

You must operate this heater with a fireplace screen in place. Make sure fireplace screen is closed before running heater.

SAFETY

Continued

Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

1. This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.
2. Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Locate propane/LP supply tank(s) outdoors (propane/LP units only).
3. If you smell gas
 - shut off gas supply
 - do not try to light any appliance
 - do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building
 - immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions
 - if you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department
4. This heater shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom unless installed as a vented appliance. See *Installing Damper Clamp Accessory for Vented Operation*, page 13. This gas log set may not be installed as a vented appliance in a bedroom or bathroom in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
5. Before installing in a solid fuel burning fireplace, the chimney flue and firebox must be cleaned of soot, creosote, ashes and loose paint by a qualified chimney cleaner. Creosote will ignite if highly heated. A dirty chimney flue may create and distribute soot within the house. Inspect chimney flue and firebox for damage. If damaged, repair flue before operating heater.
6. Do not burn solid-fuel in a masonry or UL127 factory-built fireplace in which a vent-free room heater is installed.
7. If fireplace has glass doors, never operate this heater with glass doors closed. If you operate heater with doors closed, heat buildup inside fireplace will cause glass to burst. Make sure there are no obstructions across openings of fireplace.
8. To prevent the creation of soot, follow the instructions in *Cleaning and Maintenance*, page 26.
9. Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products, turn heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.
10. This heater needs fresh, outside air ventilation to run properly. This heater has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, page 6. If heater keeps shutting off, see *Troubleshooting*, page 25.
11. Do not run heater
 - where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored
 - under dusty conditions
12. Do not use this heater to cook food or burn paper or other objects.
13. Do not use heater if any part has been exposed to or under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
14. Do not operate heater if any log is broken. Do not operate heater if a log is chipped (dime-sized or larger).
15. Turn heater off and let cool before servicing, installing or repairing. Make sure the selector switch is in the OFF position. Only a qualified service person should install, service or repair heater.
16. Make sure the selector switch is in the OFF position when you are away from home for long periods of time.
17. Remote-ready heaters do not need to be connected to any external electrical source.
18. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet could cause pilot outage.
19. To prevent performance problems with propane/LP models, do not use propane/LP fuel tank of less than 100 lb. capacity.
20. Provide adequate clearances around air openings.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

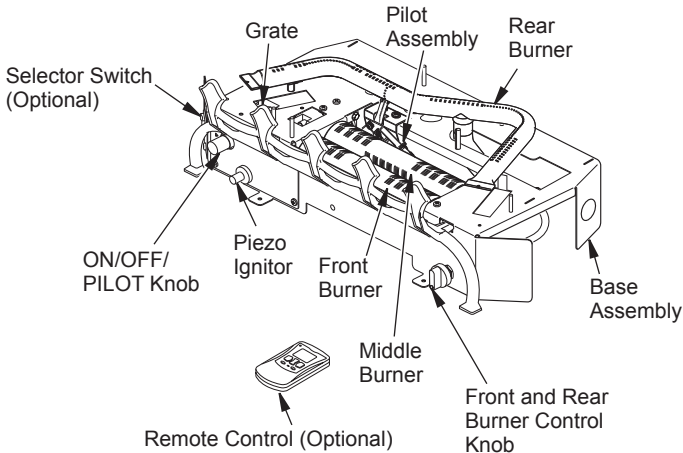


Figure 1 - Product Identification

OPTIONAL REMOTE CONTROL ACCESSORIES

There are four optional remote controls that can be purchased separately:

- wall switch
- wall thermostat
- hand-held ON/OFF remote
- hand-held thermostat remote

See [Accessories](#), page 33.

The wall thermostat or hand-held thermostat may not be used where vented decorative listing is required.

LOCAL CODES

Install and use heater with care. Follow all local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the latest edition of *The National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223/NFPA 54**.

*Available from:

American National Standards Institute, Inc.
1430 Broadway

New York, NY 10018

National Fire Protection Association, Inc.
Batterymarch Park
Quincy, MA 02269

State of Massachusetts: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Sellers of unvented propane or natural gas-fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

Vent-free gas products are prohibited for bedroom and bathroom installation in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

UNPACKING

⚠ CAUTION: Do not remove the data plates from the grate assembly. The data plates contain important warranty and safety information.

1. Remove logs and heater base assembly from carton.

Note: Do not pick up heater base assembly by burners. This could damage heater. Always handle base assembly by the sides of assembly.

2. Remove all protective packaging applied to logs and heater for shipment.
3. Check heater for any shipping damage. If heater is damaged call DESA Heating, LLC at 1-866-672-6040 for replacement parts before returning to dealer.

PRODUCT FEATURES

OPERATION

This heater is clean burning. It requires no outside venting. There is no heat loss out a vent or up a chimney. Heat is generated by both realistic flames and glowing coals. This heater is designed for vent-free operation with flue damper closed. It has been tested and approved to ANSI Z21.11.2 standard for unvented heaters. State and local codes in some areas prohibit the use of vent-free heaters. This heater may also be operated as a vented decorative (ANSI Z21.60) product by opening the flue damper.

SAFETY DEVICE

This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot is a required feature for vent-free room heaters. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air.

PIEZO IGNITION SYSTEM

This heater has a piezo ignitor. This system requires no matches, batteries or other sources to light heater.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

⚠ WARNING: This heater shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes. Read the following instructions to insure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Home owners weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, home owners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, fireplaces, clothes dryers and fuel burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will insure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

PROVIDING ADEQUATE VENTILATION

The following are excerpts from *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation*.

All spaces in homes fall into one of the three following ventilation classifications:

1. Unusually Tight Construction
2. Unconfined Space
3. Confined Space

The information on pages 6 through 8 will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

Unusually Tight Construction

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:

- walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm (6×10^{-11} kg per pa-sec- m^2) or less with openings gasketed or sealed and
- weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors and
- caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical and gas lines and at other openings.

If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See Ventilation Air From Outdoors, page 8.

If your home does not meet all of the three criteria above, proceed to Determining Fresh-Air Flow For Heater Location.

Confined Space and Unconfined Space

The *National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54* defines a confined space as a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m^3 per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space and an unconfined space as a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m^3 per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed*, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space.

* Adjoining rooms are communicating only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between them.

DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR FIREPLACE LOCATION

Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space

Use this work sheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

Space: Includes the room in which you will install fireplace plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

- Determine the volume of the space (length x width x height).
Length x Width x Height = _____ cu. ft.
(volume of space)

Example: Space size 20 ft. (length) x 16 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 2,560 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

- Multiply the space volume by 20 to determine the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support.

_____ (volume of space) x 20 = (Maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

Example: 2,560 cu. ft. (volume of space) x 20 = 51,200 (maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

- Add the Btu/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

Vent-free fireplace	_____ Btu/Hr
Gas water heater*	_____ Btu/Hr
Gas furnace	_____ Btu/Hr
Vented gas heater	_____ Btu/Hr
Gas fireplace logs	_____ Btu/Hr
Other gas appliances* +	_____ Btu/Hr
Total	= _____ Btu/Hr

* Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

Example:

Gas water heater	_____ 40,000 Btu/Hr
Vent-free fireplace	+ _____ 31,500 Btu/Hr
Total	= _____ 71,500 Btu/Hr

- Compare the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of Btu/Hr used.

_____ Btu/Hr (maximum space can support)
_____ Btu/Hr (actual amount used)

Example: 51,200 Btu/Hr (maximum the space can support)
79,000 Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr used)

The space in the example is a confined space because the actual Btu/Hr used is more than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- Rework worksheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See Ventilation Air From Inside Building, page 8.
- Vent room directly to the outdoors. See Ventilation Air From Outdoors, page 8.
- Install a lower Btu/Hr fireplace, if lower Btu/Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual Btu/Hr used is less than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

⚠ WARNING: If the area in which the heater may be operated does not meet the required volume for indoor combustion air, combustion and ventilation air shall be provided by one of the methods described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes.

VENTILATION AIR

Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the

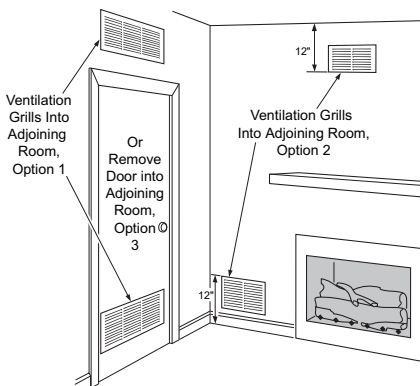


Figure 2 - Ventilation Air from Inside Building

ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 2). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, *Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, *Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

IMPORTANT: Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

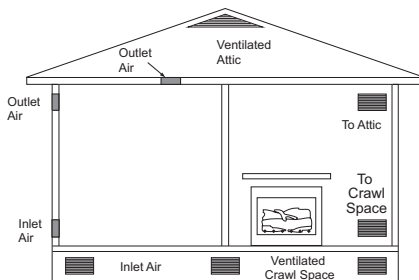


Figure 3 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors

INSTALLATION

NOTICE: This heater is intended for use as supplemental heat. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source.

⚠ WARNING: Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners and circulating air passageways of the appliance be kept clean.

INSTALLATION

Continued

NOTICE: State or local codes may only allow operation of this appliance in a vented configuration. Check your state or local codes.

⚠ WARNING: Make sure the selector switch is in the OFF position before installing heater.

⚠ WARNING: Before installing in a solid fuel burning fireplace, the chimney flue and firebox must be cleaned of soot, creosote, ashes and loose paint by a qualified chimney cleaner. Creosote will ignite if highly heated. A dirty chimney flue may create and distribute soot within the house. Inspect chimney flue and firebox for damage. If damaged, repair flue before operating heater.

⚠ WARNING: Seal any fresh air vents or ash clean-out doors located on floor or wall of fireplace. If not, drafting may cause pilot outage or sooting. Use a heat-resistant sealant. Do not seal chimney flue damper.

⚠ WARNING: Never install heater

- in a bedroom or bathroom unless installed as a vented appliance, see page 13
- in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing or other flammable objects are less than 36" from the front and 42" from the top of firebox opening. For side clearances see Figure 4, page 10
- in high traffic areas
- in windy or drafty areas

⚠ CAUTION: This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating heater where impurities (such as, but not limited to, tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) in the air exist, may discolor walls or cause odors.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See [Air for Combustion and Ventilation](#), page 6.

CHECK GAS TYPE

Use only the correct gas type (natural or propane/LP) for your unit. If your gas supply is not correct, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance is equipped for either natural gas or propane/LP gas but not both. Gas type is indicated on the rating plate. Field conversion is not permitted.

INSTALLATION AND CLEARANCES (Vent-Free Operation Only)

⚠ WARNING: Maintain the minimum clearances. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling and adjoining wall.

LOG SIZING REQUIREMENTS			
Minimum Firebox Size			
Height	Depth	Front Width	Rear Width*
17"	14"	28"	20 1/4"

*Measured at 14" Depth

INSTALLATION

Continued

Carefully follow the instructions below. This will ensure safe installation into a masonry, UL127-listed manufactured fireplace or certified vent-free firebox.

Minimum Clearances For Side Combustible Material, Side Wall and Ceiling

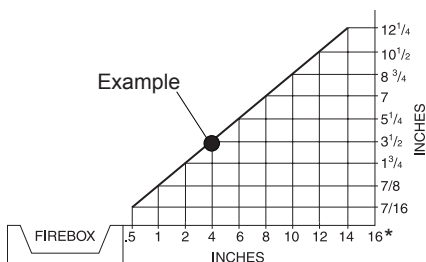
- A. Clearances from the side of the fireplace cabinet to any combustible material and wall should follow diagram in Figure 4.

Example: The face of a mantel, bookshelf, etc. is made of combustible material and protrudes 3 1/2" from the wall. This combustible material must be 4" from the side of the fireplace cabinet (see Figure 4).

Note: When installing your gas logs into a manufactured firebox, follow firebox manufacturer's instructions for minimum clearances to combustible materials.

- B. Clearances from the top of the fireplace opening to the ceiling should not be less than 42".

NOTICE: Manual control heaters may be used as a vented product. If so, you must always run heater with chimney flue damper open. If running heater with damper open, noncombustible material above fireplace opening is not needed. Go to Installing Damper Clamp Accessory for Vented Operation, page 13.



*Minimum 16" from Side Wall

Figure 4 - Minimum Clearance for Combustible to Wall

Minimum Noncombustible Material Clearances

If Not Using Mantel

Note: If using a mantel, proceed to If Using Mantel below. If not using a mantel, follow the information below.

You must have noncombustible material(s) above the fireplace opening. Noncombustible materials (such as slate, marble, tile, etc.) must be at least 1/2" thick. With sheet metal, you must have noncombustible material behind it. Noncombustible material must extend at least 8" up. If noncombustible material is less than 12", you must install the fireplace hood accessory. See Figure 5, page 11, for minimum clearances.

IMPORTANT: If you cannot meet these minimum clearances, you must operate heater with chimney flue damper open. Go to Installing Damper Clamp Accessory for Vented Operation, page 13.

If Using Mantel

You must have noncombustible material(s) above the fireplace opening. Noncombustible materials (such as slate, marble, tile, etc.) must be at least 1/2" thick. With sheet metal, you must have noncombustible material behind it. Noncombustible material must extend at least 8" up (for all models). If noncombustible material is less than 12", you must install the fireplace hood accessory (24" model only). Even if noncombustible material is more than 12", you may need the hood accessory to deflect heat away from your mantel shelf. See Figures 5 and 6, page 11 and Figure 7 page 12, for minimum clearances.

IMPORTANT: If you cannot meet these minimum clearances, you must operate heater with chimney flue damper open. Go to Installing Damper Clamp Accessory for Vented Operation, page 13.

INSTALLATION

Continued

Noncombustible Material Distance (A)	Requirements for Safe Installation
12" or more	Noncombustible material okay.
Between 8"	Install fireplace hood and 12" accessory (GA6050, GA6052 or GA6053, see Accessories , page 33).
Less than 8"	Noncombustible material must be extended to at least 8". See Between 8" and 12" , above. If you cannot extend material, you must operate heater with flue damper open.

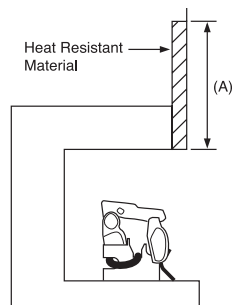


Figure 5 - Heat Resistant Material (Slate, Marble, Tile, etc.) Above Fireplace

MANTEL CLEARANCES

In addition to meeting noncombustible material clearances, you must also meet required clearances between fireplace opening and mantel shelf. If you do not meet the clearances listed below, you will need a hood.

Determining Minimum Mantel Clearance

If you meet minimum clearance between mantel shelf and top of fireplace opening, a hood is not required (see Figure 6).

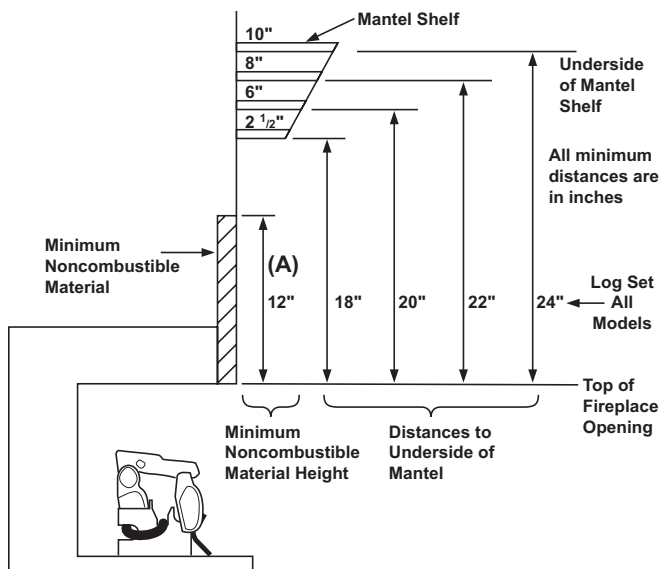


Figure 6 - Minimum Mantel Clearances Without Using Hood

INSTALLATION

Continued

Determining Minimum Mantel Clearance when Using a Hood

If minimum clearances in Figure 6 (see page 11) are not met, you must have a hood. When using a hood there are still certain minimum mantel clearances required. Follow minimum clearances shown in Figure 7 when using a hood.

NOTICE: Surface temperatures of adjacent walls and mantels become hot during operation. Walls and mantels above the firebox may become hot to the touch. If installed properly, these temperatures meet the requirement of the national product standard. Follow all minimum clearances shown in this manual.

NOTICE: If your installation does not meet the minimum clearances shown, you must do one of the following:

- operate the logs only with the flue damper open
- raise the mantel to an acceptable height
- remove the mantel

FLOOR CLEARANCES

- A. If installing appliance on the floor level, you must maintain the minimum distance of 14" to combustibles (see Figure 8).
- B. If combustible materials are less than 14" to the fireplace, you must install appliance at least 5" above the combustible flooring (see Figure 9).

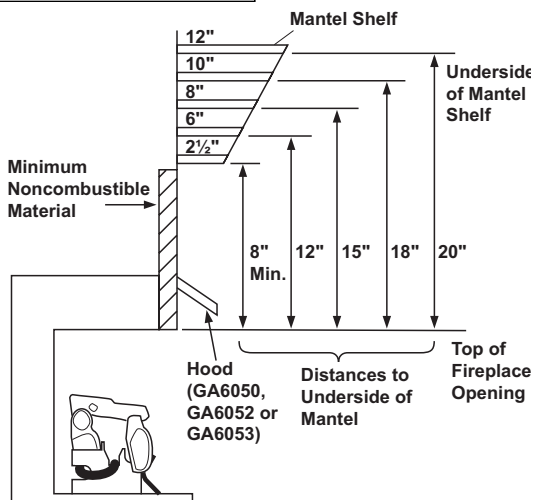


Figure 7 - Minimum Mantel Clearances When Using Hood

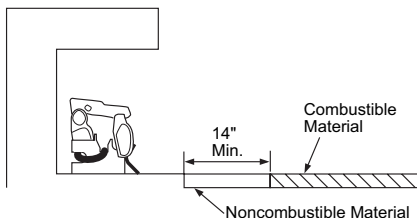


Figure 8 - Minimum Fireplace Clearances If Installed at Floor Level

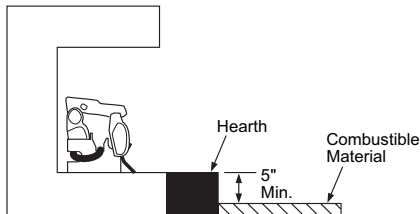


Figure 9 - Minimum Fireplace Clearances Above Combustible Flooring

INSTALLATION

Continued

INSTALLING DAMPER CLAMP ACCESSORY FOR VENTED OPERATION

Note: When used as a vented heater, appliance must be installed only in a solid-fuel burning fireplace with a working flue and constructed of noncombustible material.

For Massachusetts Residents Only: Installation of this vented gas log set in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires the damper be permanently removed or welded in the fully open position.

If your heater is a manually-controlled model, you may use this heater as a vented product. There are three reasons for operating your heater in the vented mode.

1. The fireplace does not meet the clearance to combustibles requirements for vent-free operation.
2. State or local codes do not permit vent-free operation.
3. You prefer vented operation.

If reasons number 1 or 2 above apply to you, you must permanently open chimney flue damper. You must install the damper clamp accessory (to order, see [Accessories](#), page 33). This will insure vented operation (see Figure 10). The damper clamp will keep damper open. Installation instructions are included with clamp accessory.

See chart below for minimum permanent flue opening you must provide. Attach damper clamp so the minimum permanent flue opening will be maintained at all times.

Area of Various Standard Round Flues	
Diameter	Area
5"	20 sq. inches
6"	29 sq. inches
7"	39 sq. inches
8"	51 sq. inches

Chimney Height	Minimum Permanent Flue Opening
6' to 15'	39 sq. inches
15' to 30'	29 sq. inches

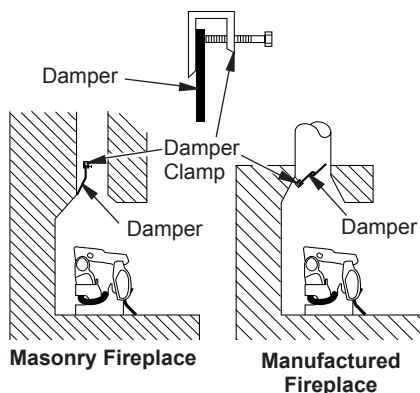


Figure 10 - Attaching Damper Clamp

INSTALLING HEATER BASE ASSEMBLY

⚠ CAUTION: Do not remove the data plates attached to the heater base assembly. The data plates contain important warranty and safety information.

⚠ WARNING: If installing in a sunken fireplace, special care is needed. You must raise the fireplace floor to allow access to heater control panel. This will insure adequate air flow and guard against sooting and controls being damaged. Raise fireplace floor with noncombustible material. Make sure material is secure.

⚠ CAUTION: Do not pick up heater base assembly by the burner. This could damage heater. Only handle base assembly by grates.

INSTALLATION

Continued

IMPORTANT: Make sure the heater burners are level. If heater is not level, heater will not work properly.

Installation Items Needed

- hardware package (provided with heater)
- approved flexible gas hose (if allowed by local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas, not provided)
- electric drill with 3/16" drill bit
- flathead screwdriver

1. Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads of gas fitting. Connect approved flexible gas hose to fitting in base (see Figure 11).

IMPORTANT: Hold gas fitting with wrench when connecting flexible gas hose.

2. Locate two masonry screws in hardware package.
3. Place heater base in fireplace.
4. Place logs in their proper position on heater base (see *Installing Logs*, page 17).
5. Center heater base and logs front-to-back and side-to-side in fireplace.
6. Carefully remove logs without moving heater base.
7. Mark screw locations through one hole on each side of the mounting bracket (see Figure 12). If installing in a brick-bottom fireplace, mark screw locations in mortar joint of bricks.
8. Remove heater base from fireplace. If installing optional control accessories, do so at this time. Follow all directions provided with accessory.
9. Drill holes at marked locations using 3/16" drill bit.
10. Attach base assembly to fireplace floor using two masonry screws (in hardware package).

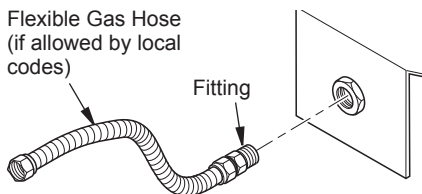


Figure 11 - Attaching Flexible Gas Hose to Heater

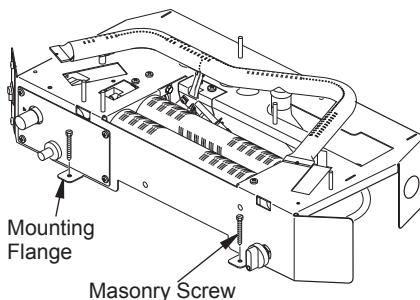


Figure 12 - Attaching Base Assembly to Fireplace Floor

CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

WARNING: This appliance requires a 1/2" NPT (National Pipe Thread) inlet connection to the pressure regulator.

WARNING: A qualified service person must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

CAUTION: Never connect propane/LP heater directly to the propane/LP supply. Propane/LP heaters require an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and propane/LP supply.

WARNING: For natural gas units, never connect heater to private (non-utility) gas wells. This gas is commonly known as wellhead gas.

INSTALLATION

Continued

Installation Items Needed

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below.

- external regulator (supplied by installer)
- piping (check local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas)
- equipment shutoff valve *
- test gauge connection *
- sediment trap
- tee joint
- pipe wrench

* A CSA design-certified equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional CSA design-certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer. See Accessories, page 33.

For propane/LP gas, the installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure. You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11" and 14" of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Figure 13. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

CAUTION: Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2" diameter or greater to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of volume will occur.

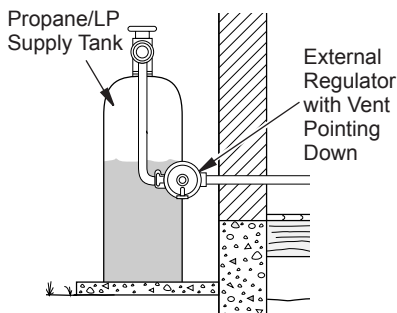


Figure 13 - External Regulator With Vent Pointing Down

Installation must include a equipment shutoff valve, union and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see Figure 14).

IMPORTANT: Install equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The main gas valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the appliance.

Check your building codes for any special requirements for locating equipment shutoff valve to fireplaces.

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male NPT threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater valves.

WARNING: Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to liquid petroleum (LP) gas.

We recommend that you install sediment trap in supply line as shown in Figure 14. Locate sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. Install in piping system between fuel supply and heater. Locate sediment trap where trapped matter is not likely to freeze. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going

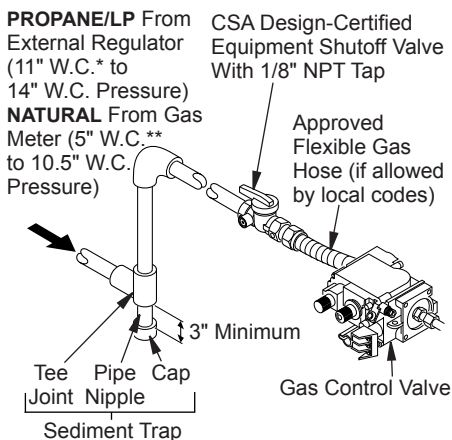


Figure 14 - Gas Connection

* Minimum inlet pressure for purpose of input adjustment.

INSTALLATION

Continued

into heater controls. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed wrong, heater may not run properly.

⚠ CAUTION: Avoid damage to gas control. Hold gas control with wrench when connecting it to gas piping and/or fittings.

CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

⚠ WARNING: Test all gas piping and connections, internal and external to unit, for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

⚠ WARNING: Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a commercial leak detection solution to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

⚠ CAUTION: For propane/LP units, make sure external regulator has been installed between propane/LP supply and heater. See guidelines under Connecting to Gas Supply, page 14.

PRESSURE TESTING GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM

Test Pressures In Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Disconnect appliance with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping. Pressures in excess of 1/2 psig will damage heater regulator.
2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.
3. Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or using compressed air.

4. Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply a commercial leak detection solution to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 15).
2. Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or using compressed air.
3. Check all joints from gas meter for natural gas or propane/LP supply to equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 16 or 17, page 17). Apply a commercial leak detection solution to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
4. Correct all leaks at once.

PRESSURE TESTING HEATER GAS CONNECTIONS

1. Open equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 15).
2. Open main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or open propane/LP supply tank valve.
3. Make sure control knob of heater is in the OFF position.
4. Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to control valve (see Figure 16 or 17, page 17). Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Light heater (see Operation, page 19). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
7. Turn off heater (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 21).

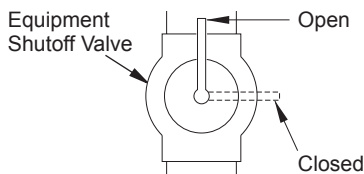
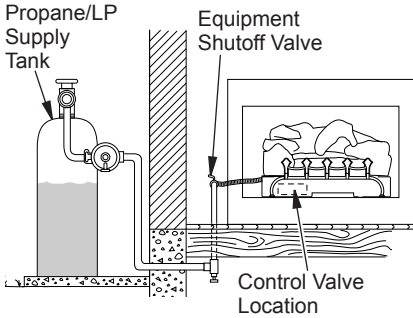


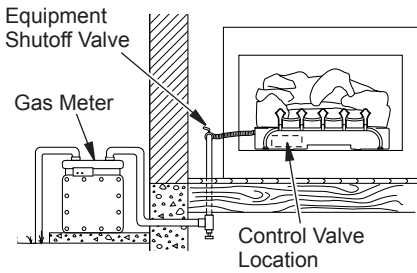
Figure 15 - Equipment Shutoff Valve

INSTALLATION

Continued



**Figure 16 - Checking Gas Joints
(Propane/LP Gas Only)**



**Figure 17 - Checking Gas Joints
(Natural Gas Only)**

INSTALLING LOGS

⚠ WARNING: Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this heater may result in property damage or personal injury.

⚠ CAUTION: After installation and periodically thereafter, check to ensure that no flame comes in contact with any log. With the heater set to High, check to see if flames contact any log. If so, reposition logs according to the log installation instructions in this manual. Flames contacting logs will create soot.

It is very important to install the logs exactly as instructed. Do not modify logs. Only use logs supplied with heater. Before installing logs, make sure log alignment screws are in place and straight.

1. Place log #1 (ember bed) onto base over alignment screws to left of front burner and behind middle burner. Log #1 will sit on top of front and middle burners (see Figure 18).
2. Place log #2 to the right of log #1. Log #2 will wrap around right end of rear burner and sit on log alignment screw (see Figure 19).
3. Place log #3 on left side of base and onto alignment screw to right of rear burner (see Figure 19). Log #3 will wrap around left end of rear burner.

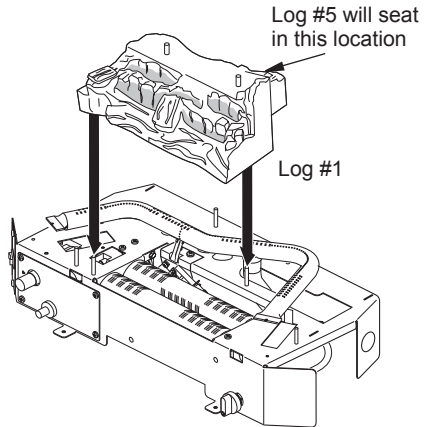


Figure 18 - Installing Log #1 (Ember Bed)

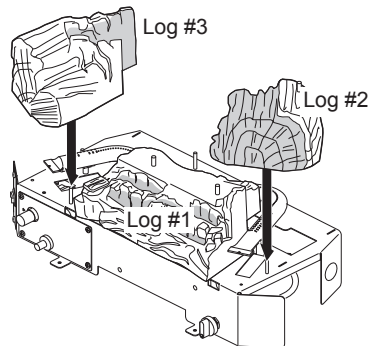


Figure 19 - Installing Log #2 (Right) and Log #3 (Left)

INSTALLATION

Continued

4. Place log #4 onto two alignment screws to the rear of base (see Figure 20).
5. Place back of log #5 on notch in log #4 (as shown in Figure 21), across back part of log #1 and onto pin on log #2 (see Figure 19, page 18 and Figure 21).
6. Place log #6 onto two pins on log #1 (ember bed) and rest back of log #6 on back log #4 (see Figure 21).

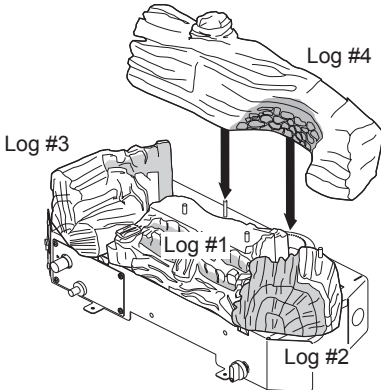


Figure 20 - Installing Log #4

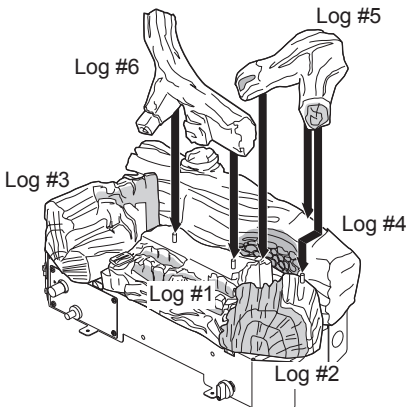


Figure 21 - Installing Log #5 (Right) and Log #6 (Left)

ATTACHING GRATE TO BASE ASSEMBLY

Locate the two slots in the front of the base assembly. Carefully slide the decorative grate into these slots (see Figure 22).

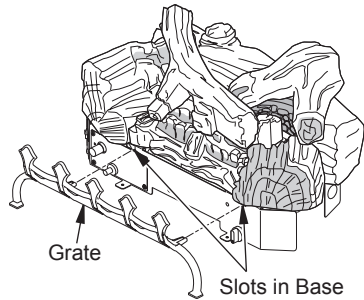



Figure 22 - Attaching Grate to Base Assembly (Logs and Base Will Vary According to Model)

ADDING LAVA ROCK

Place lava rock around base of heater if desired. Be sure not to cover the control knobs or air inlet openings on the front of heater.

OPERATION

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

 **WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. **BEFORE LIGHTING** smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician or gas supplier. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.


LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

 **WARNING**


- If fireplace has glass doors, never operate this heater with glass doors closed. If you operate heater with doors closed, heat buildup inside fireplace will cause glass to burst. Make sure there are no obstructions across openings of fireplace.
- You must operate this heater with a fireplace screen in place. Make sure fireplace screen is closed before running heater.

NOTICE: During initial operation of new heater, burning logs will give off a paper-burning smell. Orange flame will also be present. Open damper or window to vent smell. This will only last a few hours.

Note: Home owners generally prefer to operate their heater with the chimney damper closed. This will put all the heat into the room. However, there may be times you will desire the full flames of the HI heat setting but will find the heat output excessive. You can open the chimney damper (if you have one) fully or partially to release some of the heat.



 **WARNING:** Damper handle will be hot if heater has been running.

1. STOP! Read the safety information, column 1.
2. Make sure equipment shutoff valve is fully open.
3. Set switch in OFF position.

 **WARNING:** Burner will come on automatically within one minute when the remote selector switch is in the ON position after the pilot is lit.

OPERATION

Continued

4. Press in and turn control knobs clockwise  to the OFF position.
5. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information on page 19. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
6. Press in and turn control knob counterclockwise  to the PILOT position. Press in control knob for five (5) seconds (see Figure 23).

Note: You may be running this heater for the first time after hooking up to gas supply. If so, the control knob may need to be pressed in for 30 seconds or more. This will allow air to bleed from the gas system.





7. With control knob pressed in, press and release ignitor button. This will light pilot. The pilot is attached to the front burner. If needed, keep pressing ignitor button until pilot lights.

Note: If pilot does not stay lit, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs. Until repairs are made, light pilot with match. To light pilot with match, see [Manual Lighting Procedure](#), page 21.

8. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob.

• If control knob does not pop out when released, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs.

Note: If pilot goes out, repeat steps 4 through 8.

9. Slightly push in and turn control knob counterclockwise  to the ON position.
10. Wait one minute and switch selector switch to the ON position to light burner.
Note: AUTO is only functional when using GWMT1 or GWMS2 optional accessories.
11. To light the front/rear burners, push in and turn rear burner control knob counterclockwise  to the ON position.
12. To leave pilot lit and shut off burners only, turn control knob clockwise  to PILOT position then rear burner control knob clockwise  to OFF position or use remote control manual OFF button or set selector switch in the OFF position.

CAUTION: Do not try to adjust heating levels by using the equipment shutoff valve.

CAUTION: Do not try to adjust heating level of rear burner. Rear burner control knob should be in ON or OFF positions only. Do not operate with rear burner control knob between ON or OFF positions.

WARNING: Make sure the selector switch is in the OFF position when you are away from home for long periods of time. Heater will come on automatically with selector switch in the ON position.

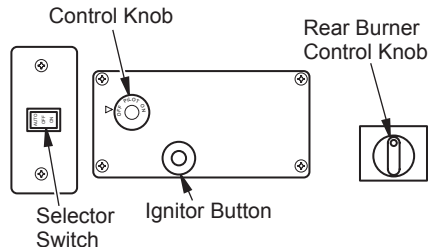


Figure 23 - Control Knobs and Ignitor Button Locations (Shown as Supplied, No Remote Control Operation)

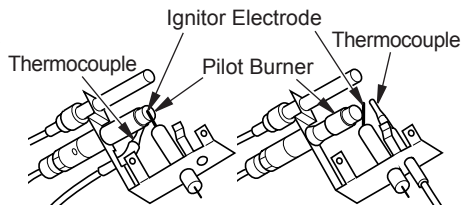


Figure 24 - Pilot (Propane/LP)

Figure 25 - Pilot (Natural)

OPERATION

Continued

TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

1. Turn control knob clockwise to the OFF position.
2. Turn rear burner control knob clockwise to the OFF position.
- 3a. Set selector switch in the OFF position.
- 3b. **If Using Optional Hand-Held Remote:** Set selector switch in the OFF position to prevent draining battery.
4. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 15, page 16).

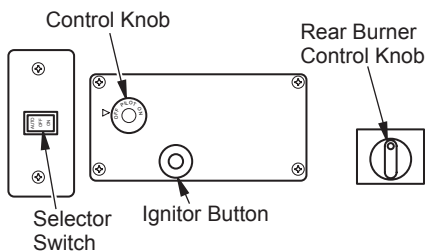


Figure 26 - Control Knobs, Selector Switch and Ignitor Button Locations for Hand-Held Remote Operation

MANUAL LIGHTING PROCEDURE

1. Follow steps 1 through 6 under Lighting Instructions, page 19.
2. Depress control knob and light pilot with match.
3. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob. Now follow steps 9 through 11 under Lighting Instructions, page 20.

OPTIONAL HAND-HELD REMOTE OPERATION

Note: All remote control accessories must be purchased separately (see Accessories, page 33). Follow instructions included with the remote control.

NOTICE: You must light the pilot before using the hand-held remote control unit. See Lighting Instructions on page 19.

After lighting, let pilot flame burn for about one minute. Turn control knob to ON position. Adjust flame adjustment knob anywhere between HI and LO. Slide the selector switch to the REMOTE position (see Figure 26).

Note: The burner may light if hand-held remote was on when selector switch was last turned off. You can now turn the burner on and off with the hand-held remote control unit.

IMPORTANT: Do not leave the selector switch in the REMOTE or ON position when the pilot is not lit. This will drain the battery.

ON/OFF SERIES (MODEL HRC100)

Hold the control button on the hand-held remote until burner turns on. Hold the control button again until burner turns off (see Figure 27).

To Lock press both buttons on hand-held remote control until light stops flashing. Hand-held remote control is now locked. If the fire is on it will be turned off automatically. In the locked state, the light will not light up when any button is pressed.

To Unlock press both buttons together on hand-held remote control until the light stops flashing. The hand-held remote is now unlocked.

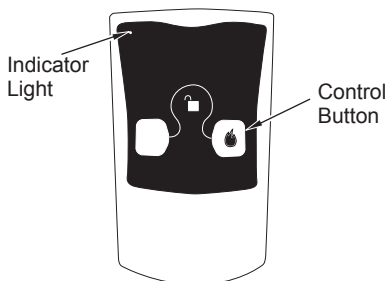


Figure 27 - On/Off Hand-Held Remote Control Unit (HRC100)

THERMOSTAT SERIES (MODEL HRC200)

The hand-held remote can be operated using either the manual mode (MANU) or thermostatic mode (AUTO) (see Figure 28, page 22). To select Fahrenheit/Centigrade mode display, carefully press the °C/°F mode button with the end of a paper clip or similar blunt object.

OPERATION

Continued

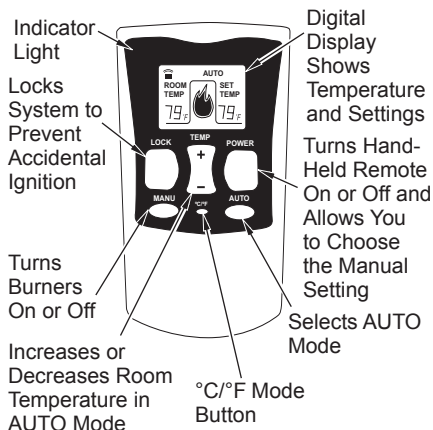


Figure 28 - Thermostat Hand-Held Remote Control Unit (HRC200)

Manual Mode

1. Press POWER and LOCK buttons together to turn on hand-held remote control.
2. Press MANU button to turn on fireplace.
3. Press POWER and LOCK buttons together to turn off fireplace.

Auto (Thermostatic) Mode

1. Press POWER and LOCK buttons together to turn on hand-held remote control.
2. Press AUTO button to select this mode.
3. Set the desired room temperature by pressing the TEMP + or - buttons.
4. Press POWER and LOCK buttons together to turn off fireplace.

Note: Do not leave hand-held remote in the AUTO mode close to the fireplace. The radiant

heat from the fireplace will turn off the fireplace. Ideally, place hand-held remote in the center of the room facing towards fireplace.

Note: Do not hold the hand-held remote for a long time. Body temperature will affect its operation in the AUTO mode.

Safety Features

When away from home for an extended period of time or as a child safety feature to prevent accidental ignition of the fireplace, the receiver ON/OFF/REMOTE switch should be in the OFF position.

Auto Shutoff Feature

1. If the average room temperature reaches a range of 82° F (28° C) to 92° F (33° C), the hand-held remote control will perform a safety override and shut the fireplace off. This feature is not available in MANU mode.
2. The receiver continuously receives signals from the hand-held remote to control the room temperature. If the hand-held remote is misplaced, obstructed or for any reason cannot transmit to the receiver, the receiver will shut off the fireplace. This will occur in 8 or more minutes depending upon location of remote transmitter and strength of batteries.

Key Pad Lock Feature

This feature allows the user to lock/unlock the keypad on the hand-held remote in the MANU or AUTO mode to prevent inadvertent operation (i.e. children operating the hand-held remote control, etc.). The keypad is locked in either on or off. Press the POWER and LOCK buttons together to turn the unit on or off.

INSPECTING BURNERS

Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame patterns often.

PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 29 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 30 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools, the heater will shut down.

If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 30

- turn heater off (see [To Turn Off Gas to Appliance](#), page 21)
- see [Troubleshooting](#), page 25

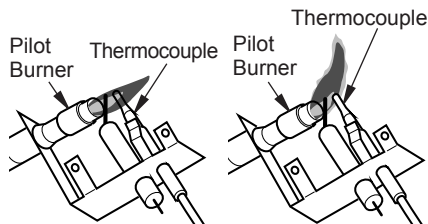


Figure 29 - Correct Pilot Flame Pattern (Natural Gas Pilot Shown)

Figure 30 - Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern (Natural Gas Pilot Shown)

INSPECTING BURNERS

Continued

Note: The pilot flame on natural gas units will have a slight curve, but flame should be blue and have no yellow or orange color.

BURNER FLAME PATTERNS

Figure 31 shows correct front and/or middle burner flame patterns. Figure 32 shows incorrect front and/or middle burner flame patterns. The incorrect burner flame patterns show yellow tipping at top of blue flame.

WARNING: If yellow tipping occurs, your heater could produce increased levels of carbon monoxide. If burner flame patterns show yellow tipping, follow instructions below. Yellow flame on rear burner is normal.

NOTICE: Do not mistake orange flames with yellow tipping. Dirt or other fine particles are burned by heater, causing brief patches of orange flame.

If front and/or middle burner flame patterns are incorrect, as shown in Figure 32

- turn heater off (see [To Turn Off Gas to Appliance](#), page 21)
- see [Troubleshooting](#), page 25

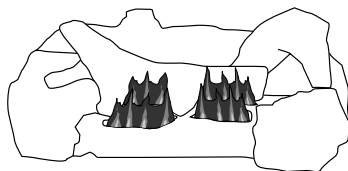


Figure 31 - Correct Burner Flame Patterns

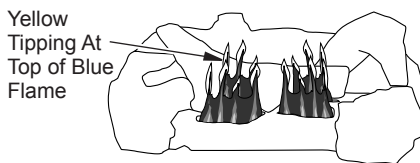


Figure 32 - Incorrect Burner Flame Patterns

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before cleaning.

CAUTION: You must keep control areas, burner and circulating air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before each use. Have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, pet hair, etc.

WARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

BURNER INJECTOR HOLDERS AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLES

The primary air inlet holes allow the proper amount of air to mix with the gas. This provides a clean burning flame. Keep these holes clear of dust, dirt, lint and pet hair. Clean these air inlet holes prior to each heating season. Blocked air holes will create soot. We recommend that you clean the unit every three months during operation and have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person.

We also recommend that you keep the burner tubes and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 PSI. Your local computer store, hardware store or home center may carry compressed air in a can. If using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow directions on the can, you could damage the pilot assembly.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Continued

1. Shut off unit, including pilot. Allow unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
2. Inspect burners, pilot and primary air inlet holes on injector holder for dust and dirt (see Figures 33 or 34).
3. Blow air through the ports/slots and holes in the burners.
4. Check the injector holders located at the end of the burner tubes again. Remove any large particles of dust, dirt, lint or pet hair with a soft cloth or vacuum cleaner nozzle.
5. Blow air into the primary air holes on the injector holders.
6. In case any large clumps of dust have now been pushed into the burner repeat steps 3 and 4.

Clean the pilot assembly also. A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. There is a small pilot air inlet hole about 2" from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Figure 35). With the unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. The access hole for propane/LP pilot is on the front of the burner carriage as shown in Figure 35. The access hole for natural pilot is behind the pilot bracket on the top of burner carriage (see Figure 34). You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.

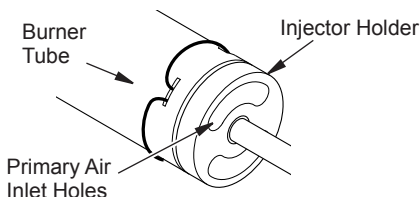


Figure 33 - Injector Holder On Outlet Burner Tube - Rear Burner

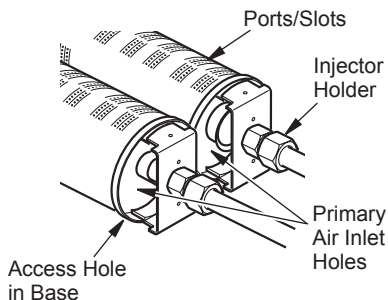


Figure 34 - Injector Holder On Outlet Burner Tubes - Front and Middle Burners

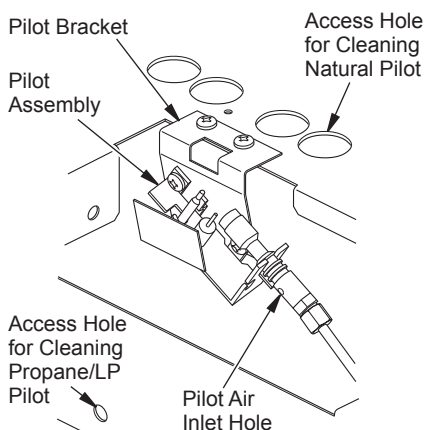


Figure 35 - Cleaning Pilot Air Inlet Hole (Your pilot may vary from pilots shown)

LOGS

- If you remove logs for cleaning, refer to [Installing Logs](#), page 17, to properly replace logs.
- Replace log(s) if broken or chipped (dime-sized or larger)

TROUBLESHOOTING



WARNING: Turn off and unplug heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.



CAUTION: Never use a wire, needle or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

Note: All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When ignitor button is pressed, there is no spark at ODS/pilot	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ignitor electrode not connected to ignitor cable 2. Ignitor cable pinched or wet 3. Piezo ignitor nut is loose 4. Broken ignitor cable 5. Bad piezo ignitor 6. Ignitor electrode broken 7. Ignitor electrode positioned wrong 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reconnect ignitor cable 2. Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry 3. Tighten nut holding piezo ignitor to base panel of log set. Nut is located behind base panel 4. Replace ignitor cable 5. Replace piezo ignitor 6. Replace pilot assembly 7. Replace pilot assembly
When ignitor button is pressed, there is spark at ODS/pilot but no ignition	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gas supply turned off or equipment shutoff valve closed 2. Control knob not in PILOT position 3. Control knob not pressed in while in PILOT position 4. Air in gas lines when installed 5. Depleted gas supply (propane/LP only) 6. ODS/pilot is clogged 7. Gas regulator setting is not correct 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve 2. Turn control knob to PILOT position 3. Press in control knob while in PILOT position 4. Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed 5. Contact local propane/LP gas company 6. Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 23) or replace ODS/pilot assembly 7. Replace gas regulator

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Control knob not fully pressed in Control knob not pressed in long enough Equipment shutoff valve not fully open Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Low gas pressure Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot Thermocouple connection loose at control valve Thermocouple damaged Control valve damaged 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Press in control knob fully After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds Fully open equipment shut-off valve <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 23) or replace ODS/pilot assembly Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more Replace pilot assembly Replace control valve
One or more burners do not light after ODS/pilot is lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Inlet gas pressure is too low Burner orifice(s) clogged Mislocated crossover tube Thermopile leads disconnected or improperly connected Burners will not come on in remote position 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company Clean burner(s) (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 23) or replace burner orifice(s) Contact qualified service person Reconnect leads (see Wiring Diagram, page 29) Replace battery in transmitter and receiver
Delayed ignition of one or more burners	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Manifold pressure is too low Burner orifice(s) clogged Mislocated crossover tube 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company Clean burner(s) (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 23) or replace burner orifice(s) Contact qualified service person
Burner backfiring during combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Burner orifice is clogged or damaged Damaged burner Gas regulator defective 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Clean burner (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 23) or replace burner orifice Replace damaged burner Replace gas regulator

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Yellow flame in front/middle burner during burner combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough air 2. Gas regulator defective 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check burner(s) for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner(s) (see <u><i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i></u>, page 23) 2. Replace gas regulator
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Residues from manufacturing processes and logs curing 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation
Heater produces a whistling noise when burners are lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turning control knob to HI position when burners are cold 2. Air in gas line 3. Air passageways on heater blocked 4. Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice(s) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn control knob to LO position and let warm up for a minute 2. Operate burners until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local natural or propane/LP gas company 3. Observe minimum installation clearances (see page 8) 4. Clean burners (see <u><i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i></u>, page 23)
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When heated, vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc. may turn into white powder residue 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners or similar products
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough combustion/ventilation air 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to <u><i>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</i></u> requirements (page 6)
Remote does not function	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Battery is not installed. Battery power is low 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace 9-volt batteries in receiver and hand-held remote
Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burners are lit or shut off	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This is normal with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service person

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued



WARNING: If you smell gas

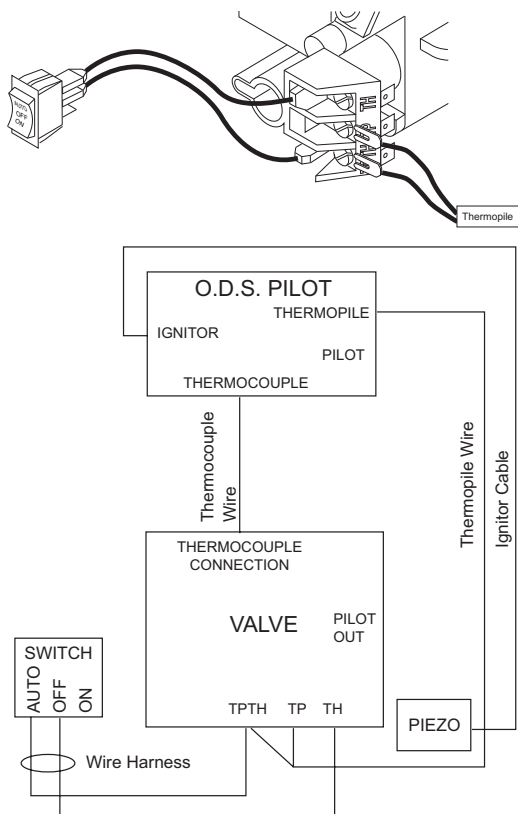
- Shut off gas supply.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors. These odors will disappear over time.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Heater produces unwanted odors	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Heater burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, cleaners, chemicals, new carpet, etc. (See <i>IMPORTANT</i> statement above)2. Low fuel supply (propane/LP only)3. Gas leak. See Warning statement above	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Open window and ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running2. Refill supply tank (propane/LP only)3. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i>, page 16)
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates)	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Not enough fresh air is available2. Low line pressure3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Open window and/or door for ventilation2. Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company3. Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 23)
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Gas leak. See Warning statement above2. Control valve defective	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i>, page 16)2. Replace control valve
Gas odor during combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Foreign matter between control valve and burner2. Gas leak. See Warning statement above	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter2. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i>, page 16)

WIRING DIAGRAM

Note: For proper operation of optional accessories, the wires from the switch to the control valve must be connected exactly as shown:



SPECIFICATIONS

CSG3924PRA

- 10,000/40,000 Btu/hr
- Type Gas: Propane/LP
- Ignition: Piezo
- Manifold Pressure: 8" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water): Maximum 14" W.C., Minimum* 11" W.C.
- Certified Standards: Z21.11.2-2007, Z21.60-1996, CGA2.26-M96

CSG3924NRA

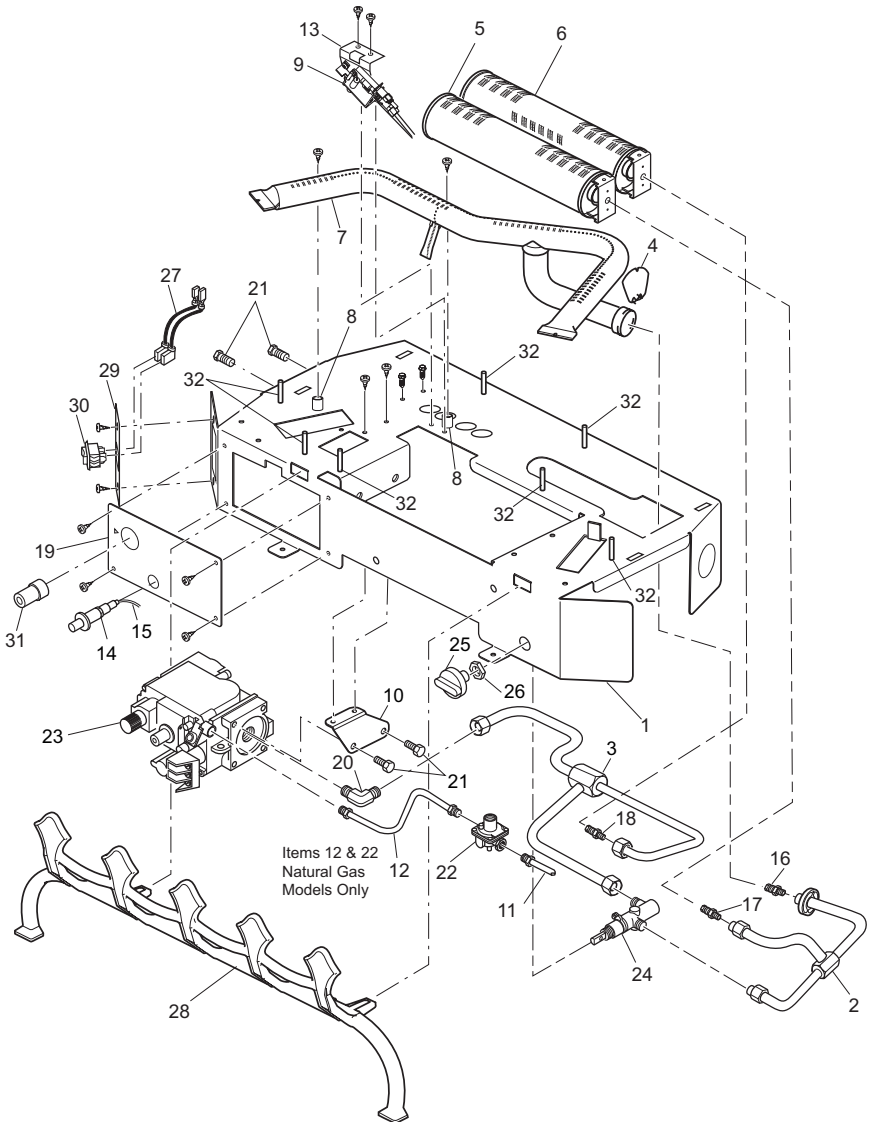
- 10,000/40,000 Btu/hr
- Type Gas: Natural
- Ignition: Piezo
- Manifold Pressure: 3" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water): Maximum 10.5" W.C., Minimum* 5" W.C.
- Certified Standards: Z21.11.2-2007, Z21.60-1996, CGA2.26-M96

* For purpose of input adjustment

PARTS

REMOTE-READY MODELS

CSG3924NRA AND CSG3924PRA



PARTS

REMOTE-READY MODELS

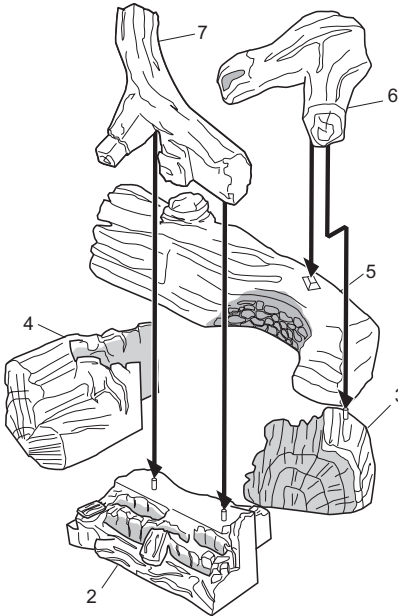
This list contains replaceable parts used in your heater. When ordering parts, follow the instructions listed under Replacement Parts on page 32 of this manual.

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	CSG3924NRA		QTY
			CSG3924PRA	CSG3924PRA	
1	**	Burner Carriage	•	•	1
2	110328-01	Front and Rear Burner Tube	•	•	1
	110061-03	Front and Rear Burner Tube	•	•	1
3	110061-01	Middle Burner Remote Tube	•	•	1
4	111124-01	Retainer Spring	•	•	1
5	110063-02	Burner, Front Blue Flame	•	•	1
6	110063-01	Burner, Middle Blue Flame	•	•	1
7	108105-02	Burner, Rear	•	•	1
8	107110-01	Spacer	•	•	2
9	PP231	ODS Pilot	•	•	1
	PP225	ODS Pilot	•	•	1
10	108135-01	Valve Bracket	•	•	1
11	099387-14	Pilot Tube	•	•	1
	099387-09	Pilot Tube	•	•	1
12	099387-15	Pilot Regulator Tube, NG	•	•	1
13	110093-04	Pilot Mounting Bracket	•	•	1
	110093-07	Pilot Mounting Bracket	•	•	1
14	097159-04	Piezo Ignitor	•	•	1
15	098271-10	Ignitor Cable	•	•	1
16	099056-18	Burner Orifice Injector Back	•	•	1
	099056-21	Burner Orifice Injector Back	•	•	1
17	101004-02	Burner Orifice Injector Front	•	•	1
	101004-18	Burner Orifice Injector Front	•	•	1
18	101004-11	Burner Orifice Injector Middle	•	•	1
	101004-13	Burner Orifice Injector Middle	•	•	1
19	108692-04CK	Remote Cover Plate	•	•	1
20	098265-02	Male Elbow	•	•	1
21	M12461-26	Screw, Hex Slit Wsr 10-32 x 0.38	•	•	4
22	099918-02	Pilot Regulator, NG	•	•	1
23	103781-03	Gas Control Valve	•	•	1
	103781-04	Gas Control Valve	•	•	1
24	108106-01	Manual Control Valve	•	•	1
25	099393-03	Control Knob	•	•	1
26	098508-01	Valve Retainer Nut	•	•	1
27	103284-03	Wire Harness	•	•	1
28	108111-01	Cast Iron Grate	•	•	1
29	103587-02	Plate, Switch	•	•	1
30	099998-01	Fan Switch	•	•	1
31	103784-01	On-Off-Pilot Knob Extension	•	•	1
32	108631-01	Log Alignment Screw	•	•	8
PARTS AVAILABLE — NOT SHOWN					
	100563-01	Warning Plate	•	•	1
	103877-04	Lighting Instructions Plate	•	•	1
	100639-03	Caution Decal	•	•	1
	GA6060	Lava Rock	•	•	1

** Not a field replaceable part

PARTS

LOG MODELS CSG3924NRA AND CSG3924PRA



KEY

NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	110020-03	Log Set	1
2	110103-02	Log Ember Bed	1
3	110107-01	Log, Right Front	1
4	110107-02	Log, Left Front	1
5	110107-03	Log, Back	1
6	110107-04	Log, Right Crossover	1
7	110104-01	Log, Left Crossover	1

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Note: Use only original replacement parts. This will protect your warranty coverage for parts replaced under warranty.

PARTS UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacement part(s), call DESA Heating, LLC at 1-866-672-6040.

When calling DESA Heating, LLC, have ready:

- your name
- your address
- model and serial numbers of your heater
- how heater was malfunctioning
- purchase date

SERVICE HINTS

When Gas Pressure Is Too Low

- pilot will not stay lit
- burners will have delayed ignition
- fireplace will not produce specified heat
- for propane/LP units, propane/LP gas supply may be low

You may feel your gas pressure is too low. If so, contact your local natural or propane/LP gas supplier.

Usually, we will ask you to return the part to the factory.

PARTS NOT UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacement part(s), call DESA Heating, LLC at 1-866-672-6040 for referral information. A list of authorized dealers can be found by visiting www.desatech.com.

When calling DESA Heating, LLC, have ready:

- model and serial numbers of your heater
- the replacement part number

TECHNICAL SERVICE

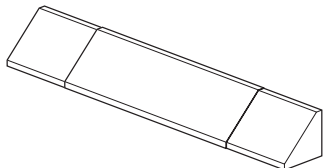
You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting. If so, contact DESA Heating, LLC at 1-866-672-6040. When calling please have your model and serial numbers of your heater ready.

You can also visit DESA Heating, LLC's web site at www.desatech.com.

ACCESSORIES

NOTICE: All accessories may not be available for all fireplace models.

Purchase these accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories call DESA Heating, LLC at 1-866-672-6040 for information. You can also write to the address listed on the back page of this manual.



FIREPLACE HOOD

Black - GA6050

Brass - GA6052

Antique Brass - GA6053

For all models. Helps deflect heat away from mantel or wall above fireplace. Fits openings 28" to 48" wide.

CLEANING KIT - CCK

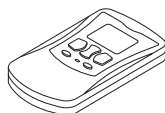
For all models. Your vent-free gas appliance requires regular cleaning and maintenance to prevent performance problems. This kit gives you the tools and instructions to make it easy to clean all critical areas of your appliance.

DAMPER CLAMP - GA6080

For all models. Permanently opens chimney flue damper for vented operation.

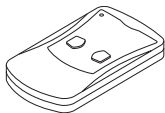
LAVA ROCK - GA6060

For all models. Order when additional rock is desired. (3 lb. bag)



RECEIVER AND HAND-HELD THERMOSTAT REMOTE CONTROL KIT - HRC200

For all models. Allows the gas log heater to be operated in a manually or thermostatically controlled mode. You can turn the gas log heater on and off without ever leaving the comfort of your easy chair. A wall-mount docking station is included.



RECEIVER AND HAND-HELD REMOTE CONTROL KIT - HRC100

For all models. Allows the gas log heater to be turned on and off by using a hand-held remote control. A wall-mount docking station is included.

WALL-MOUNT THERMOSTAT SWITCH - GWMT1

For all models. The desired comfort setting can be selected on the wall thermostat and the log heater will automatically cycle from pilot to the heat setting selected.

WALL-MOUNT ON/OFF SWITCH GWMS2

For all models. Allows the gas log heater to be turned on and off with a wall switch.

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This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

WARRANTY

KEEP THIS WARRANTY

Model (located on product or identification tag) _____

Serial No. (located on product or identification tag) _____

Date Purchased _____

Keep receipt for warranty verification.

DESA HEATING, LLC LIMITED WARRANTIES

New Products

Standard Warranty: DESA Heating, LLC warrants this new product and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with DESA Heating, LLC's warnings and instructions.

For products purchased for commercial, industrial or rental usage, this warranty is limited to 90 days from the date of first purchase.

Factory Reconditioned Products

Limited Warranty: DESA Heating, LLC warrants factory reconditioned products and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for 30 days from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with DESA Heating, LLC's warnings and instructions.

Terms Common to All Warranties

The following terms apply to all of the above warranties:

Always specify model number and serial number when contacting the manufacturer. To make a claim under this warranty the bill of sale or other proof of purchase must be presented.

This warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser when purchased from an authorized dealer, and only when installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with this product.

This warranty covers the cost of part(s) required to restore this product to proper operating condition and an allowance for labor when provided by a DESA Heating, LLC Authorized Service Center or a provider approved by DESA Heating, LLC. Warranty parts must be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or DESA Heating, LLC who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory replacement parts voids this warranty.

Travel, handling, transportation, diagnostic, material, labor and incidental costs associated with warranty repairs, unless expressly covered by this warranty, are not reimbursable under this warranty and are the responsibility of the owner.

Excluded from this warranty are products or parts that fail or become damaged due to misuse, accidents, improper installation, lack of proper maintenance, tampering, or alteration(s).

This is DESA Heating, LLC's exclusive warranty, and to the full extent allowed by law; this express warranty excludes any and all other warranties, express or implied, written or verbal and limits the duration of any and all implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose to one (1) year on new products and 30 days on factory reconditioned products from the date of first purchase. DESA Heating, LLC makes no other warranties regarding this product.

DESA Heating, LLC's liability is limited to the purchase price of the product, and DESA Heating, LLC shall not be liable for any other damages whatsoever under any circumstances including indirect, incidental, or consequential damages.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

For information about this warranty contact:



DESA Heating, LLC
2701 Industrial Drive
Bowling Green, KY 42101
www.desatech.com
1-866-672-6040

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Rev. D
09/08



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